## **AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**

Please amend the claims as indicated.

1. (Currently amended) An apparatus for demarking a control object of a notebook computer, the apparatus comprising:

a compound applied to a control object to form a designator upon the control object, the compound configured to react to visible and non-visible light by radiating visible light and wherein the designator distinctly identifies the control object; and

a non-visible light source <u>mounted on a display of the notebook computer</u>, <u>directed to the control object from above</u>, <u>and configured to directly radiate the compound so that the compound radiates visible light in the form of the designator and the visible light is of low intensity so as not to distract a user and nearby people.</u>

- 2. (Original) The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the non-visible light source is an ultraviolet light source.
- 3. (Original) The apparatus of claim 2, wherein the ultraviolet light source is an ultraviolet light emitting diode.
- 4. (Previously presented) The apparatus of claim 2, wherein the compound comprises an ultraviolet light reactive compound.
- 5. (Canceled)
- 6. (Canceled)

- 7. (Canceled)
- 8. (Canceled)
- 9. (Canceled)
- 10. (Currently amended) A[[n]] <u>notebook computerI/O device</u> for use in a low-light environment, the <u>notebook computerI/O device</u> comprising:

  a <u>keyboard comprising a plurality of keys and control surfaces</u> control object;

an ultraviolet light reactive compound applied to the <a href="keys and control">keys and control</a>
<a href="surfaceseontrol object">surfaceseontrol object</a>, wherein the compound reacts to visible and ultraviolet light by radiating visible light and the designator distinctly identifies the <a href="keys and control surfaceseontrol object">keys and control surfaceseontrol object</a>; and

an ultraviolet light source <u>mounted on a display of the notebook computer</u>, <u>directed to the keys and control surfaces of the notebook computer from above</u>, <u>and configured to directly radiate the compound so that the compound radiates visible light in the form of the designator</u>, wherein the visible light is of low intensity so as not to distract a user and nearby people.

- 11. (Canceled)
- 12. (Currently amended) The <u>notebook computer</u> device of claim 10, wherein the ultraviolet light source is an ultraviolet light emitting diode.

- 13. (Canceled)
- 14. (Currently amended) A notebook computer, the notebook computer comprising:
  - a plurality of keys;

a compound applied to each key to form a designator, the compound reactive to visible and non-visible light, wherein the compound reacts to visible and non-visible light by radiating visible light and the designator distinctly identifies the key; and

a display configured to radiate visible light and non-visible light on the keys from above, wherein the non-visible light reacts with the compound, demarking the keys by radiating visible light of low intensity so as not to distract a user and nearby people.

15. (Currently amended) A system for demarking a control object, the system comprising:

a[[n]] <u>notebook computer</u><del>I/O device</del> configured with a <u>plurality of</u> <u>keys</u><u>control object</u>;

a compound applied to the <u>each keyeontrol object</u> to form a designator upon the <u>each keyeontrol object</u>, the compound configured to react to visible and non-visible light by radiating visible light and wherein the designator distinctly identifies the <u>each keyeontrol object</u>; and

a non-visible light source <u>mounted on a display of the notebook computer</u>, <u>directed to the keys of the notebook computer from above</u>, <u>and</u> configured to directly radiate the compound so that the compound radiates visible light in the form of the designator, wherein the visible light is of low intensity so as not to distract a user and nearby people.

- 16. (Original) The system of claim 15, wherein the non-visible light source is an ultraviolet light source.
- 17. (Original) The system of claim 16, wherein the ultraviolet light source is an ultraviolet light emitting diode.
- 18. (Previously presented) The system of claim 16, wherein the compound comprises an ultraviolet light reactive compound.
- 19. (Canceled)

- 20. (Canceled)
- 21. (Canceled)
- 22. (Canceled)
- 23. (Canceled)
- 24. (Currently amended) A process for demarking keys of a notebook computerate control object in a low-light environment, the process comprising: applying a compound reactive to visible and non-visible light to the keyscontrol object to form a designator upon the each keycontrol object, wherein the compound reacts to the non-visible light by radiating visible light and the designator distinctly identifies each keythe control object; and

directly radiating the compound with a non-visible light source <u>mounted</u> on a display of the notebook computer and directed to the keys from above so that the compound radiates visible light in the form of the designator <u>for each key</u> and the visible light is of low intensity so as not to distract a user and nearby people.

- 25. (Canceled)
- 26. (Original) The process of claim 24, wherein the non-visible light source is an ultraviolet light source.

- 27. (Original) The process of claim 26, wherein the compound is an ultraviolet light reactive compound.
- 28. (Original) The process of claim 26, wherein the ultraviolet light source is an ultraviolet light emitting diode.
- 29. (Currently amended) An apparatus for illuminating <u>keys of a notebook</u> computera control object, the apparatus comprising:

means for applying a compound reactive to visible and non-visible light to each keya control object to form a designator upon each keythe control object, wherein the compound reacts to the visible and non-visible light by radiating visible light and the designator distinctly identifies each keythe control object; and

means for directly radiating the compound with a non-visible light source mounted on a display of the notebook computer and directed to the keys from above so that the compound radiates visible light in the form of the designator, wherein the visible light is of low intensity so as not to distract a user and nearby people.

- 30. (Original) The apparatus of claim 29, wherein the non-visible light source is an ultraviolet light source and the compound is an ultraviolet light reactive compound.
- 31. (Canceled)
- 32. (Canceled)

- 33. (Canceled)
- 34. (Canceled)
- 35. (Canceled)